Agudas Yisroel Anshei Kielce



Zmanim

Early Mincha/Kabbalas Shabbos: 6:15 pm Candle Lighting: 7:38 pm Mincha/Kabbalas Shabbos: 7:40 pm Shacharis: 8:45 am

Shabbos Hagadol Derasha: 6:20 pm

Mincha: 7:25 pm NO SEUDAS SHLISHIS

Maariv/Motzei Shabbos: 8:42 pm Motzei Shabbos Rabbeinu Tam: 9:09 pm

Parshas Acharei Mos/Pesach

The entire Seder ceremony is replete with symbolic gestures. We drink four cups of wine to represent four Biblical expressions of redemption. We dip and lean like kings to represent freedom, and eat bitter herbs to remind us about the bitter slavery. We also eat other symbolic foods that portray our Egyptian bondage: salt water to remember tears, and charoses, a mixture of apples, nuts and wine that looks like mortar, to remind us of the laborious years in Mitzrayim.

The seder is truly filled with symbolism - some direct, and some seemingly far-fetched - and all the symbols are meant to remind us of the bondage we endured centuries ago. But, why not take a direct approach? There are overt ways to declare our gratitude, and there are more immediate ways to mark the celebration. Why don't we just recite the four expressions of redemption as part of the liturgy instead of drinking four cups of wine to symbolize them? Why don't we actually place mortar on the table (problem of muktzeh not withstanding) instead of making a concoction to represent it? And instead of reminding ourselves of backbreaking work by eating horseradish, why not lift heavy boxes?

Rabbi Yechezkel Abramsky, who headed the London Beth Din, with a cynical question: "In reviewing our Hagadah service," he sniped, "I was shocked at the insertion of, 'Who Knows One', a childish nursery rhyme, at the end. Why would the sages put a silly rhyme - 'One is Hashem, two are the Tablets, three are the fathers,' and so on, at the end of the solemn, intellectual Seder night service? It is very unbecoming!"

Rabbi Abramsky was not shaken. "If you really want to understand the depth of that song, then you must travel north to the town of Gateshead. There you will find a saintly Jew, Reb Elya Lopian. I want you to discuss the meaning of every aspect of life with him. Ask him what are the meaning of the sea and fish, ask him what is the meaning of the sun and the moon. Then ask him what is the meaning of one, of six, of eleven and so on."

The philosopher was very intrigued. He traveled to Gateshead and located the Yeshiva at which Reb Elya served as the Mashgiach. He was led into the room where a saintly looking man greeted him warmly. "Rabbi, I have many questions," the skeptical philosopher began. "What is the meaning of life?" "What is the essence of the stars?"

Rabbi Lopian dealt with each question with patience, A Jewish intellectual in post-war England approached depth, and a remarkable clarity. Then the man threw out the baited question. "What is the meaning of the number one?"

Rabbi Lopian's face brightened, his eyes widened, and a broad smile spread across his face. "The meaning of one?" he repeated. "You would like to know the meaning of one? One is Hashem in the heaven and the earth!"

The man was shocked. "What about the depth of the numeral five?"

"Five?" repeated the sage. Why five has tremendous symbolism! It represents the foundation of Judaism - the Five Books of Moses!" The rabbi then went on to explain the mystical connotations that are represented by the number five, and exactly how each Book of the Torah symbolizes a component of the sum. The man left with a new approach and attitude toward the most simple of our rituals.

At the Seder, we train ourselves to find new meaning in the simple things in life. We teach ourselves to view the seemingly mundane with historical and even spiritual significance. We should remember that when Moshe saw a burning yet non-consumed bush, he realized that his nation is similar - constantly persecuted and harassed, yet never consumed. At our Seder, we view horseradish not as a condiment for gefilte fish, but as representative of our suffering. The Matzoh is no longer a low-fat cracker, but symbolizes the hardships of exile and the speed of our redemption. In addition, we finish the Seder with a simple song that reminds everyone at the Seder, next time you ask, "who's number one?" don't accept the answer: the New York Yankees or the Chicago Bulls - think on a higher plane! One is Hashem in the heaven and the earth!

Good Shabbos

PLEASE NOTE THAT DUE TO THE RECENT FLOODING THERE WILL BE NO KIDDUSH OR SEUDAS SHLISHIS THIS WEEK. WE APOLOGIZE FOR ANY INCONVIENANCE.

The bathrooms are under renovation but fully useable. Alternatively, JEP has graciously offered use of their bathrooms to our members.

There will be a kid's program this week located next door at Bnos Beis Yaakov beginning at 9:30 am.

This Rav's Shabbos Hagadol Derasha will take place this Shabbos at 6:20 pm.

Cholim List Update

The cholim list is being updated for Chodesh Nissan. If you would like to submit a name to the cholim list please email gabbai@agudahsouth.com or contact one of the gabbaim.

Kimcha D'Pischa/Maos Chittim Campaign Update

The Agudah South Maos Chittim Campaign to provide the local needy with food for Pesach is still underway.

Cheques can be made out to RFRO and given to either Rabbi Kaufman or Leo Grunwald. For more information please email mailings@agudahsouth.com

Mechiras Chametz

Rabbi Kaufman will be available this Sunday after Shacharis and Mincha for the sale of chametz. The Rav will also be available by appointment at 416-787-9303.

Ta'anis Bechoros Siyum

There will be Siyumim on Monday for the Ta'anis Bechorim following the 7:00 am & 8:00 am Minyanim. A light breakfast will be served sponsored by Sol Neger in honor of the upcoming Yahrzeit of his father Moshe ben Shlomo O'BM.

To sponsor Kiddush/Seudas Shlishis contact Leon Jakubovic (kiddush@agudahsouth.com.) Have a Simcha to announce? Email announcements to mailings@agudahsouth.com. To subscribe or unsubscribe to this list please email mailings@agudahsouth.com.





ירים	שבת חול המועד - 19 April שיר השי 		Wonday April 14 - ערב פסח	
8:45	Morning service (ד' לעומר) שחרית		Fast of the First Born תענית וסיום בכורים	
9:52	Sh'ma should be said by גר"א - גר"א	10:25	סוף זמן אכילת חמץ - מג"א	
7:35	Afternoon service (No שלש סעודות) מנחה	11:03	Asstest time to eat old nary - גר"א אכילת חמץ - גר"א	
8:51	Shabbos ends מוצאי שבת	11:51	סוף זמן הנאה ושריפת חמץ - מג"א	
9:18	מוצאי שבת - ר"ת	12:10	Olip זמן הנאה ושריפת חמץ - גר"א שריפת חמץ - מר"א	
Sunday April 20 - ערב שביעי של פסח		1:18	Mid-day חצות	
			שעה עשירית (איסור אכילת קבע)	
8:00	Morning service (ה' לעומר) שחרית	7:42	הדלקת נרות - (שהחיינו) Candlelighting	
6:25	מנחה (מוקדמת) Early Mincha	7:45	Afternoon service מנחה	
6:41	Candlelighting for early Mincha, not before פלג המנחה	8:00	שקיעת החמה Sunset	
7:49	הדלקת נרות Candlelighting	8:35	Evening service מעריב	
7:50	מנחה Afternoon service	1:18	חצות לילה (ס"ז אכילת אפיקומן) ארילה (ס"ז אכילת אפיקומן)	
8:07	שקיעת החמה Sunset		1	
			א' דפסח - Tuesday April ותפלת טל	
	Monday April 21 - שביעי של פסח	9:15	Morning service שחרית	
8:45	Morning service (ו' לעומר) שחרית	9:55	Sh'ma should be said by גר"א - גר"א	
9:50	Sh'ma should be said by גר"א – גר"א	7:45	Afternoon service מנחה	
7:55	מנחה Afternoon service	8:01	שקיעת החמה Sunset	
8:08	שקיעת החמה Sunset	8:40	Evening service (ספירת העומר)	
8:45	Evening service מעריב	8:46	Candlelighting after (שהחיינו) - הדלקת נרות - אחרי	
8:53	Candlelighting after אחרי Candlelighting after	9:13	הדלקת נרות - ר"ת אחרי	
9:20	הדלקת נרות - ר"ת אחרי			
_			ב' דפסח - 16 Wednesday April	
	Tuesday April 22 - אחרון של פסח	9:15	Morning service (א' לעומר) שחרית	
8:45	Morning service (ז' לעומר) שחרית - יזכור	9:54	Sh'ma should be said by סוף זמן ק"ש - גר"א	
9:49	Sh'ma should be said by גר"א - גר"א	7:45	מנחה Afternoon service	
7:45	מנחה - ונעילת החג Afternoon service	8:47	Yom Tov ends	
8:09	שקיעת החמה Sunset	9:14	מוצאי יו"ט - ר"ת	
8:54	Yom Tov ends מוצאי יו"ט			
9:21	מוצאי יו"ט - ר"ת		חול המועד - יום ה' - 17 Thursday April	
		6:45	Morning service (ב' לעומר) שחרית - א'	
דרשת שבת הגדול פרשת אחרי מות April 12		8:15	Morning service 'ב שחרית - ב'	
		7:50	Evening services מנחה / מעריב	
			Friday April ארב שבת חול המועד - 18	
	6:20 _{pm}	6:45	Morning service (ג' לעומר) (Holiday) שחרית - א'	
			שחרית - ב' Morning service	
77 14			מנחה (מוקדמת) Early Mincha	
		6:25 6:39	Candlelighting for early Mincha, not before פלג המנחה	
יחג כשר ושמחי		7:46	Candlelighting הדלקת נרות	
		7:50	Afternoon service מנחה	
		8:04	Sunset Sunset	
		8:04	שקיעת החמה Sunset	